

Building Coalitions for Action:

Working Together to Eliminate Hepatitis

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Task Force for Global Health
Rollins School of Public Health
Emory University, Atlanta GA, USA

The Status of Hepatitis Elimination by 2030: A global review of policies & plans

- Global HBV and HCV elimination goals
- Essential components of effective HBV & HCV elimination programs
- CGHE Initiatives to track essential components of elimination
- Status of national hepatitis elimination programs
 - Strategic information
 - HBV and HCV testing and treatment policies
 - Equity
 - Financing



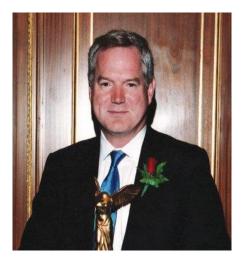


"For the first time in history, the disease can now be cured, raising hopes of eradicating Hepatitis C virus from the world population" -Nobel Committee

The 2020 Nobel Prize for Discovery of Hepatitis C Virus



Harvey Alter



Michael Houghton



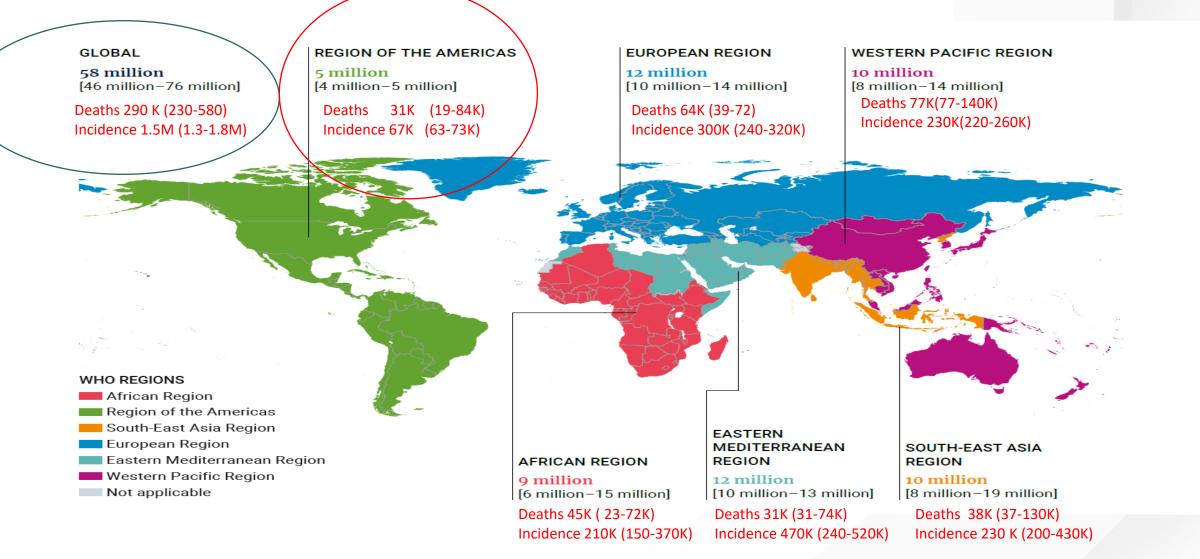
Charlie Rice

Science is not an end but a means to achieve a greater purpose.





WHO Estimates HCV Burden by Region, 2019

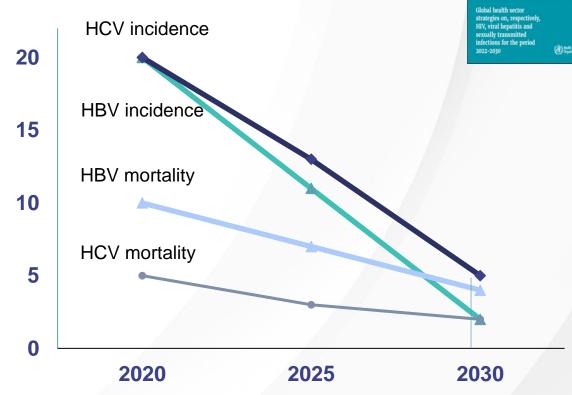




Global goals for Hepatitis C elimination

- ✓ Biologic feasibility: Human required for replication; No intermediate hosts, environmental propagation
- √ Technical feasibility:
 - Prevent transmission- Avoid parenteral blood exposures
 - Prevent mortality—
 - HCV treatment and cure: Reduced risk of liver cancer (80%), mortality (75%)
 - Reliable tests- high sensitivity and specificity
- ✓ Goals: Elimination of hepatitis as a public health threat
- ✓ Impact: 1.5 million HCV related averted by 2030
- ✓ Endorsement:
 - World Health Assembly, 2016, 2022
 - International Task Force for Disease Eradication, 2017







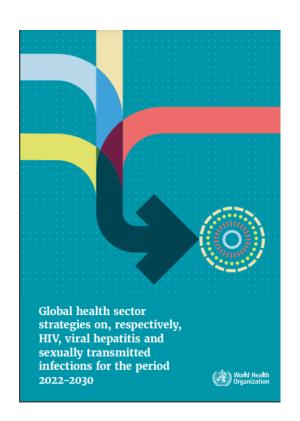




Coverage targets for global elimination goals



Latest data for end 2020. Some targets use data from 2019 because of COVID-19 related service disruptions in the data reported for 2020. COVID-19



	Indicator	Baseline – 2020 ^a	Targets – 2025	Targets - 2030
Coverage	Percentage of newborns who have benefitted from a timely birth dose of hepatitis vaccine and from other interventions to prevent the vertical (mother-to-child) transmission of hepatitis B virus ^c	50%	70%	90%
	Hepatitis B vaccine coverage among children (third dose)	90%	90%	90%
	Number of needles and syringes distributed per person who injects drugs ^d	200	200	300
	Blood safety - proportion of blood units screened for bloodborne diseases	95%	100%	100%
	Safe injections - proportion of safe health-care injections	95%	100%	100%







The Task Force for Global
Health, based in Atlanta and
founded nearly 40 years ago to
advance health equity, works
with partners in more than 150
countries to eliminate
diseases, ensure access to
vaccines and essential
medicines, and strengthen
health systems to protect
populations so that people can
achieve their full potential.

OUR WORK



Eliminate Diseases

Viral Hepatitis

Polio

Neglected Tropical Diseases (NTDs)

- Intestinal Worms
- Leprosy
- Lymphatic Filariasis
- River Blindness
- Schistosomiasis
- Trachoma



Ensure Access to Vaccines

- · COVID-19, seasonal influenza
- Polio
- Inform vaccine safety protocols
- Inform parental decision making about immunizations



Strengthen Health Systems

- Train epidemiologists in 100+ countries
- Collect and analyze strategic information
- Facilitate donation of quality medical products
- Lead collaborations of large health campaigns
- Promote compassionate public health practice



OUR PARTNERS

- · Ministries of Health
- World Health Organization
- U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- Private sector partners

- Government partners
- Foundations
- NGOs
- Civil society organizations
- U.S. Agency for International Development

OUR IMPACT



Examples Include:

- 4 billion treatments for river blindness & lymphatic filariasis,
 reaching 300 million people in affected areas annually
- 200+ million people treated for blinding trachoma
- 14,000+ epidemiologists trained in 100+ countries
- Recipient of the Hilton Humanitarian Prize for
- Formal partner of the World Health Organization and the United Nations

OUR REACH: 150+ Countries



The Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination

Launch of the Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination: a recommendation of the Lancet Gastroenterology & Hepatology Commission

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byselfs elimination and hashis system stronglenony. However, those is no platform for sharing these expatiences, such, most hopatific elimination programme, planned or unging, are resource contained, with scarce capacity for implementation. Building sufficient capacity to achieve elimination requires development of partnerships and so view of funding.

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in response, CGHT will provide five aces of services for a swite national and subhational elimination programmes. First, CGHE will act as a community of practice for hepatitis elimination, bringing together stateholders, including global health agencies, private VISION

A world free of viral hepatitis as a health threat

OBJECTIVE

Strengthen hepatitis prevention, diagnosis, and treatment to achieve national and sub-national goals for hepatitis elimination

STRATEGIC PILLARS

Build an evidence base

Connect and support programs

Mobilize commitment

PRINCIPLES

Evidence-based

Data-driven

Peer-to-peer learning

Locally driven

Complementary to existing efforts

In partnership with stakeholders



CGHE's Global Reach

- 280+ partners
- 33,000 website users in 2022
- 15 publications (peer reviewed or conference abstracts)
- 5500+ webinar attendees from over 100 countries in 2022
- 4200+ followers across 4 social media platforms (20,000) impressions/week) FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE













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Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination Joins the White House in Call to Establish National **Hepatitis C Elimination Program**

Coalition Director John Ward celebrates White House announcement to steer federal and state agencies towards uniform approaches to improve access to testing and treatment for hepatitis C

Nov. 8, 2022

Washington - In a meeting held Monday by the American Association for the Study of Liver Disease, John Ward, director of the Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination, joined Francis Collins, Special Projects Advisor to President Joe Biden, as he announced plans establish a national program targeting hepatitis C









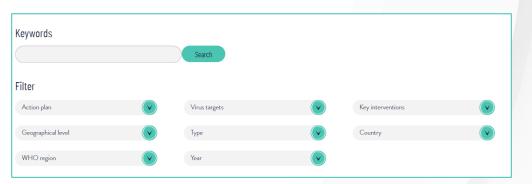
Assessing the Status of Key Components: Systematic Review of Strategic Plans

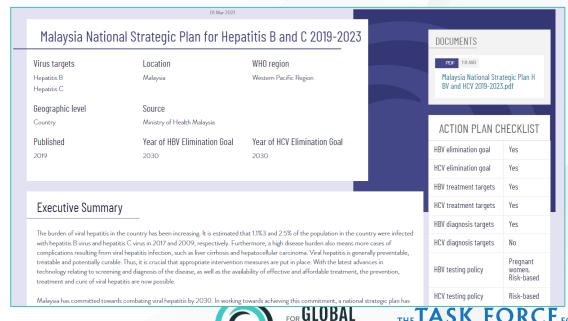
Objectives:

- 1. Identify number of countries with HBV and HCV national strategies and time-bound elimination goals
- 2. Assess quality of national strategies
- 3. Identify key gaps in national planning

Online searchable database of action plans available at globalhep.org

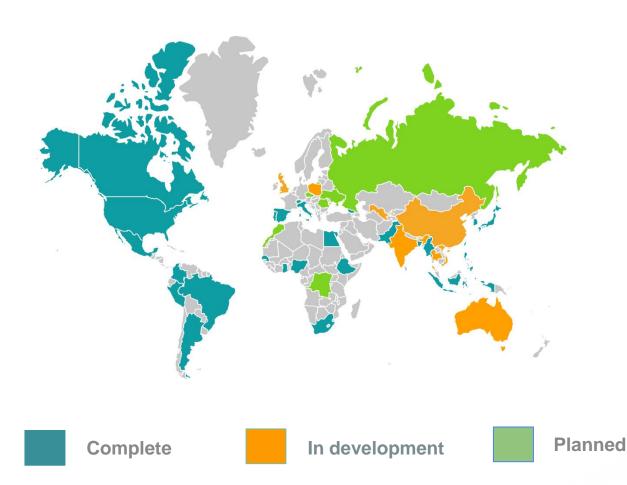
*J Infect Dis in press





GLOBAL HEAD

National or Area Hepatitis Elimination Profiles (N-HEP) 30 Profiles Available



Objectives:

- 1. Assess Status of Hepatitis Elimination on:
 - Hepatitis burden
 - Policy development
 — Develop standard framework for policy environment
 - Program implementation
 - Health equity for key populations
 - Partnerships
- 2. Assess progress toward program targets and health outcome goals
- 3. Highlight achievements, challenges, and feasible next steps





WHATWORKS



Ward J, Hinman A, Gastroenterology, 2019





Status of strategic information

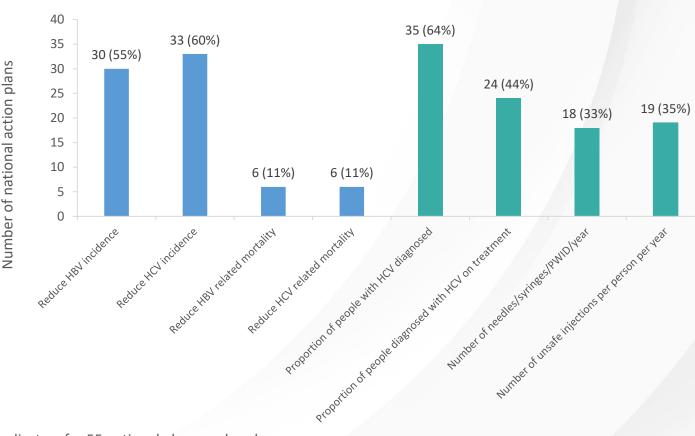
Impact target

Programmatic target indicators

62 countries with National Action Plans

* Defined as documents with goals, targets, and/or implementation strategies





Indicators for 55 national plans analyzed



Strategic Information: NHEPs

	Routine official reports to monitor HCV incidence	Routine official reports to monitor HCV prevalence	Routine official reports to monitor HCV mortality
Argentina	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Bangladesh	Not adopted	Not adopted	Partially adopted
Brazil	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Columbia	Adopted	Adopted	Partially adopted
Egypt Adopted		Adopted	Adopted
Ethiopia	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Georgia	Adopted	Adopted	Partially adopted
Ghana Partially adopted		Not adopted	Partially adopted
Indonesia Not adopted		Partially adopted	Partially adopted

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Mexico	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Myanmar	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Partially adopted
Nigeria	Not adopted	Adopted	Not adopted
Pakistan	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Peru	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Philippines	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Portugal	Adopted	Partially adopted	Partially adopted
Rwanda	Not adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Senegal	Adopted	Adopted	Not adopted

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South Africa	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Spain	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Switzerland	Adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Taiwan	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Thailand	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
United States	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted

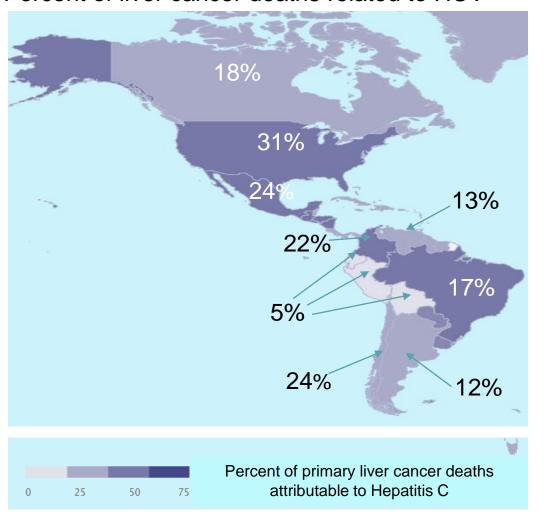




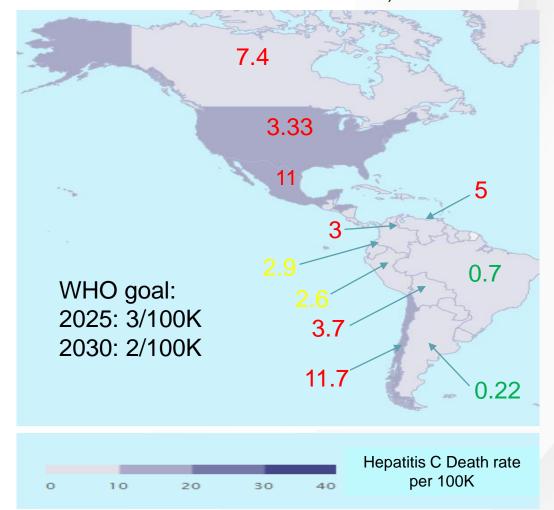
2020 OCL 17,396(10258).1204-1222.

HCV Related Deaths in the Americas

Percent of liver cancer deaths related to HCV



HCV deaths related deaths/100,000







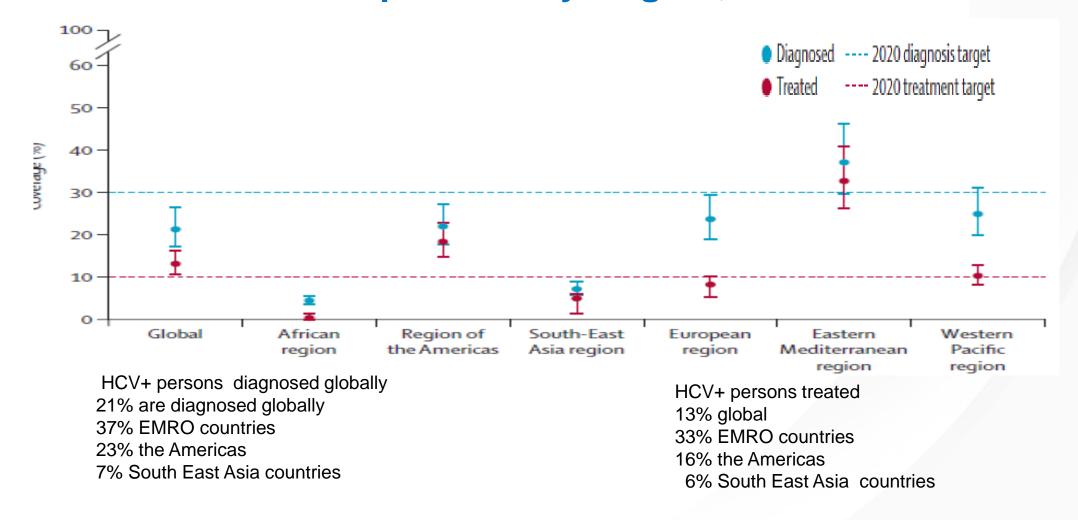
WHATWORKS



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Estimated Diagnosis and Treatment Coverage of Hepatitis C by Region, 2019







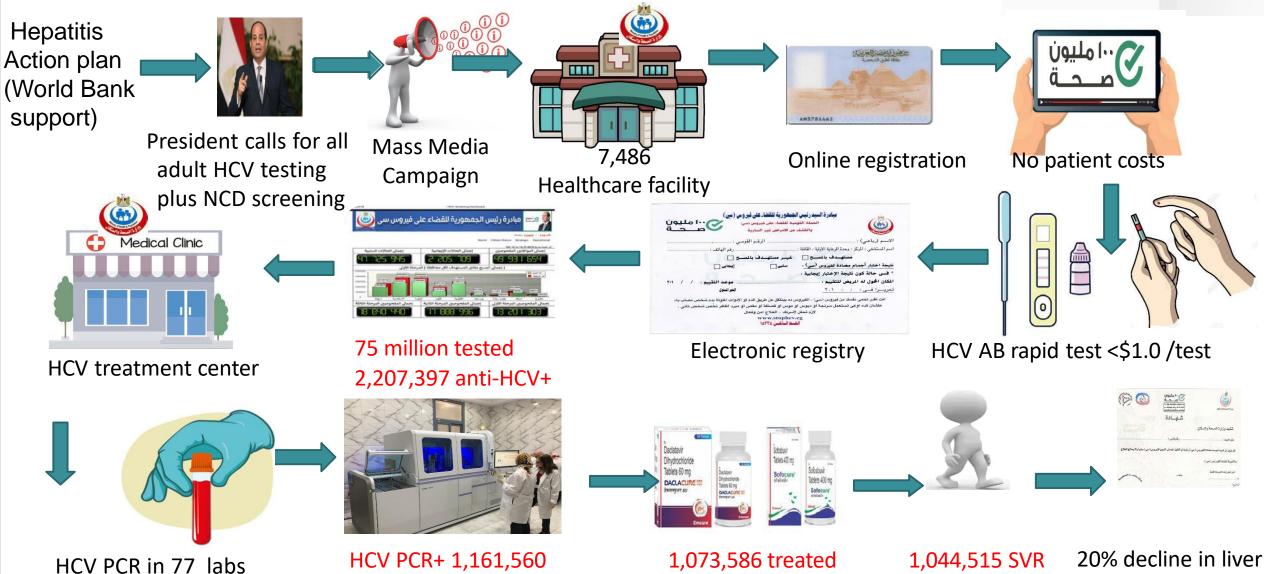
Access to HBV & HCV Screening and Treatment in 30 N-HEPs



Indicator	HCV
Universal testing policy	9/30 (30%)
No patient co-pays for testing	14/30 (47%)
Licensed point-of-care PCR testing	16/30 (53%)
National treatment guidelines	23/30 (77%)
No patient treatment co-pays	15/30 (50%)
Non-specialist can prescribe treatment	16/30 (53%)



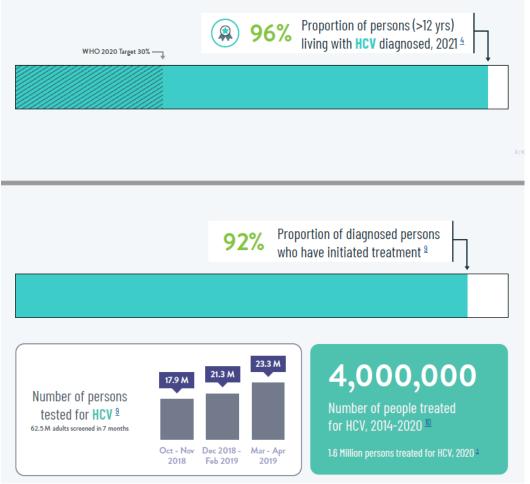
Effective HCV Elimination Programs - Egypt



<\$5/test

related deaths

Egypt is on track for HCV elimination with >90% diagnosed and >90% initiated treatment

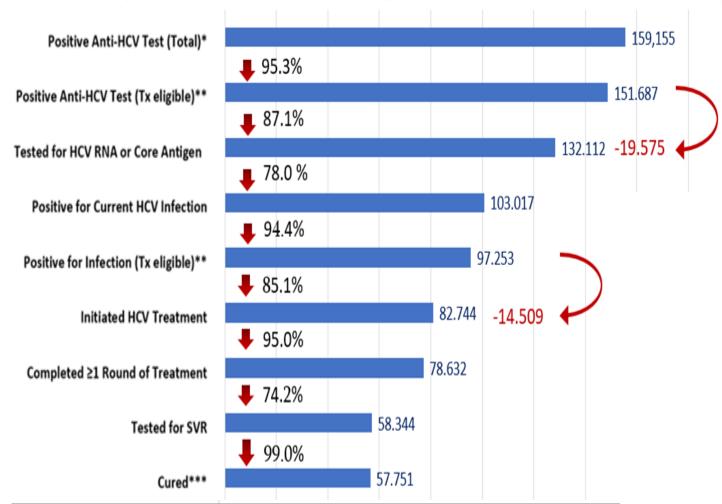




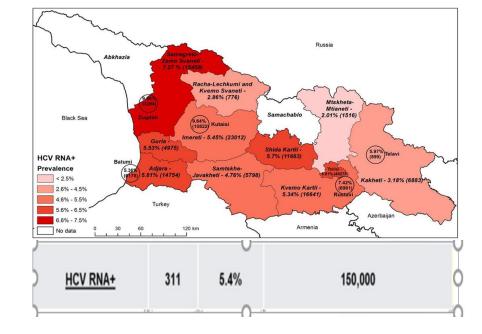
Partners: World Bank; US CDC; WHO; industry; clinician, civil society



Georgia Hepatitis C Elimination Program 28 April 2015 - 31 May, 2023



^{*} Among persons with national ID number. An additional 18,586 screened anti-HCV+ using an anonymized 15-digit code. Thus, their representation in the be confirmed; ** Age ≥12 years with no mortality data prior to progressing in cascade



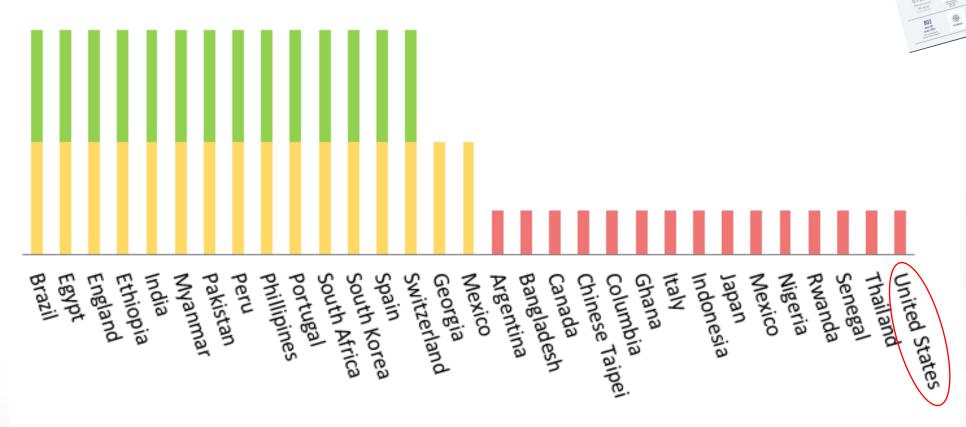
Since 2015:

- over 6,5 million HCV screenings
- over **2,9 million** persons tested
- About 160 000 anti-HCV positive cases identified
- 19 575 anti-HCV+ individuals to follow-up and link to care
- Over 82,744 patients started treatment
- Cure rate 99%

^{***} Per-protocol, includes retreatments. Among 57,875 persons tested after their 1st round of treatment, 56,080 (96.9%) achieved SVR (Including 82.3% for SOF-based regimens, 98.2% for SOF/LED regimens, and 98.6% for SOF/VEL regimens). 2,151 persons were retreated with a 2nd roun with 94.3% (1,154/1,224) of those tested achieving SVR. Overall SVR by Intention-to-Treat analysis: 72.1%

Activate Wi

Global Access to HBV & HCV POC PCR Testing



HCV POC PCR Testing

HBV POC PCR Testing

Neither HCV nor HBV POC PCR Testing



WHATWORKS

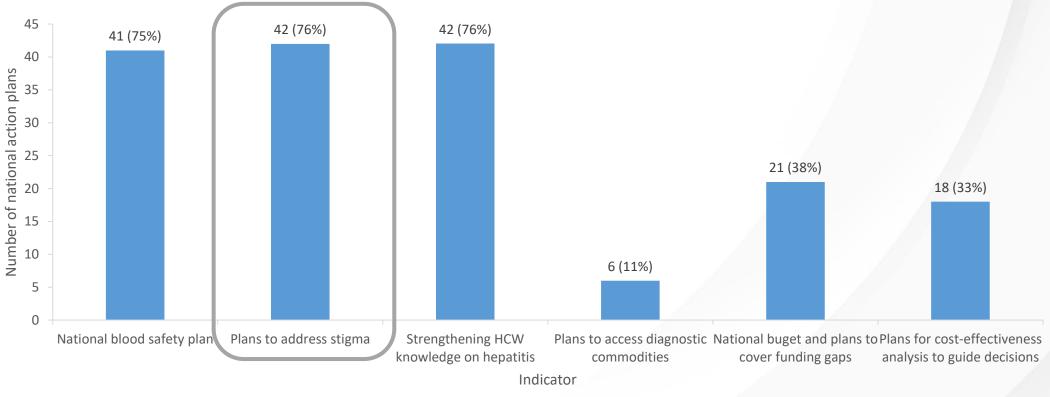


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Most action plans address stigma

Policy/strategic direction indicators included in 55 action plans







Harm Reduction For PWID: NHEPs

	National policy for: Harm reduction for persons who inject drugs (PWID)	National anti-discrimination laws against people living with hepatitis C	evringe x.
Argentina	No data	Partially adopted (non-discrimmination	No data
Bangladesh	Not adopted	Not adopted	Adopted
Brazil	Adopted	Partially adopted (The Brazilian labor	Not adopted
Canada	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Columbia	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Egypt	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	No data
Ethiopia	Adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Georgia	Adopted	No data	Not adopted
Ghana	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Indonesia	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted

	National policy for: Harm reduction for persons who inject drugs (PWID)	National anti-discrimination laws against peopl living with hepatitis C	evringe x.
Italy	Adopted	No data	Adopted
Japan	Not developed	Adopted	No data
Korea	Not developed	Partially adopted	Adopted
Mexico	Partially adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Myanmar	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Nigeria	Adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Pakistan	Not adopted	Not adopted	Adopted
Peru	No data	Adopted	No data
Philippines	Not adopted	Partially adopted	Not adopted
Portugal	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Rwanda	No data	Adopted	No data
Senegal	Senegal Adopted		Not adopted

		ws against people ving with hepatitis	syringes & paraphernalia
Senegal	Adopted	Partially adopted	Not adopted
South Africa	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Not adopted
Spain	Adopted	Not adopted	Adopted
Switzerland	Adopted	Not adopted	Adopted
Taiwan	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Thailand	Partially adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
United States	Adopted	Adopted	Partially adopted

National policy

for: Harm



THE TASK FORCE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH

Decriminalization

of possession of

HCV Among Persons Who Inject Drugs in the Americas; Incarceration and Access to Prevention

		Estimated number		
	Estimated	of PWID who are		Needle-syringes
	number of	HCV-antibody	History of	per PWID per
Region	PWID (95% UI)	positive	incarceration	year(goal: 300/yr)
	1,823,000	1,128,000		
	(1,392,000-	(823,500–		
Latin America	2,380,000)	1,458,000)	71.0% (68.2–73.7)	6
	2,557,000	1,411,000		
	(1,498,500–	(667,000–		
North America	4,428,000)	2,388,500)	72.2% (61.8–82.6)	39
	8,182,500	15,648,000		
	(4,691,500–	(10,219,000–		
Global	12,418,000)	23,737,500)	57.9% (50.5–65.2)	33







BRAZIL

CAN ELIMINATE HEPATITIS NATIONAL HEPATITIS ELIMINATION PROFILE

LIDDATED DECEMBER 2 202



0.53%

Prevalence of chronic HCV, 2017 ²

Based on modeled data

REGIONAL AVERAGE IN THE AMERICAS: HBV: 0.3% HCV: 0.7%



1,405

HCV deaths, 2020 3

0,7 Deaths per 100,000, 2019 3





-31%



WHO 2020 Target -10%





HCV testing of pregnant women 11

HCV: Single test for people aged 40 and over ¹⁴

Local treatment guidelines 16

Simplified care algorithm: Less than 2 clinic visits during treatment ¹⁷

Simplified care algorithm: No patient treatment co-pays ¹

Adopted

Adopted

Developed

Adopted

Adopted



ACHIEVEMENTS

Nurse led testing and care Treatment by non-specialist



MEXICO CAN ELIMINATE HEPATITIS NATIONAL HEPATITIS ELIMINATION PROFILE DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTITIS APPRICATED AND ALL PROFILE APPRICATED APPRICATED AND ALL PROFILE APPRICATED APPRICATED APPRICATED APPRICATED



Prevelance

REGION AVERAGE IN THE AMERICAS: HBV: 0.3% HCV: 0.7%



Mortality

0.4-2.2%

Prevalence of chronic HCV infection 4

Based on modeled data and studies among blood donors

13,737

HCV deaths, 2019 4

11 Deaths per 100,000 4

HCV Percentage change in deaths, 2015-2019 4

HCV Percentage change in new infections, 2015-2019 3



+19%

WHO 2020 Target -10% 4



+13% WHO 2020 Target -30% ²



HCV: Risk-based 14

Local treatment guidelines 17

Simplified care algorithm: Less than 2 clinic visits during treatment ¹⁷

Simplified care algorithm: No patient treatment co-pays ¹⁷

Adopted

Developed

Adopted

Adopted



ACHIEVEMENTS

394 units of care
Telehealth training
No costs testing/ treatment
Involve CSO in program

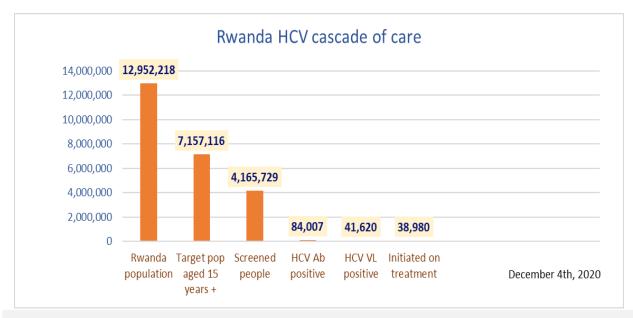


WHATWORKS Components For Strong National Hepatitis Elimination Programs Connecting & Supporting **Programs** 1. Developing strategic national plan & monitoring performance 2 Catalyzing micro-elimination pilots -3. Implementing 9. Revising strong prevention, targets as programs testing & treatment improve policies COALITION FOR GLOBAL HEPATITIS ELIMINATION 4. Mobilizing 8. Participating political & community in operational support research Mobilizing 7. Leveraging sustainable Building 5. Focusing on Commitment health equity Evidence Base financing 6. Integrating hepatitis elimination services with existing health systems

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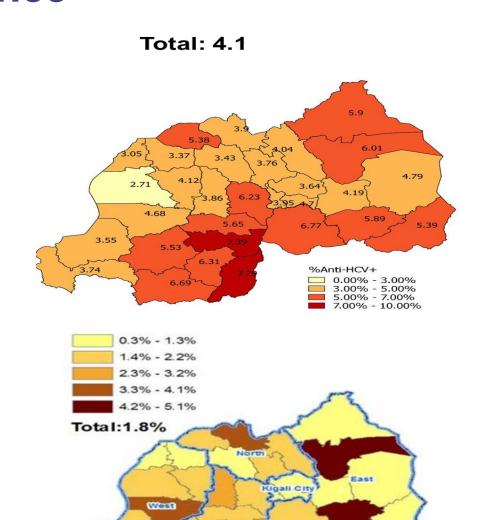


Rwanda: Scale up of Testing and Treatment and Changes in HCV Prevalence



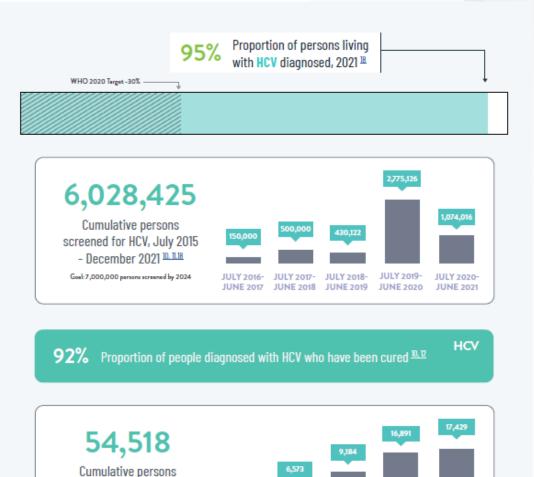
Path to Elimination Plan:

- → Systematic HCV screening for donated blood since 1999
- → Training of safe injection practices among health-care workers
- → A national hepatitis control unit since 2011,
- → First guidelines for viral hepatitis care in 2013
- → HCV diagnosis and treatment using existing HIV care settings
- → Global Fund support for HCV care
- → As of May 2018, a total of 110 physicians trained in HCV care



Rwanda is a leader in HCV testing & treatment in the African region

PREVENTION OF NEW INFECTIONS AND MORTALITY HCV Percentage change in prevalence, 2018-2020 2..... -69%





JUNE 2017 JUNE 2018 JUNE 2019

treated for HCV, July 2015

- December 2021 10.11.18

Goal: 59,584 persons treated by 2024



JULY 2019-

JUNE 2020 JUNE 2021



New Global Fund Guidance for Support of HBV Prevention, Care and Treatment

Changes for the next round of Global Fund applications

- Testing:
 - Maternal HBsAg testing
 - BV and HCV testing for key populations
- Harm reduction
 - needle and syringe programs, Opioid substitution therapy (OST), overdose prevention/ response (e.g. naloxone)

Countries will have to prioritize hepatitis services in GF applications



Information Note

HIV Information Note

Allocation Period 2023-2025

Date published: 29 July 2022

https://www.theglobalfund.org/media/4765/core_hiv_infonote_en.pdf



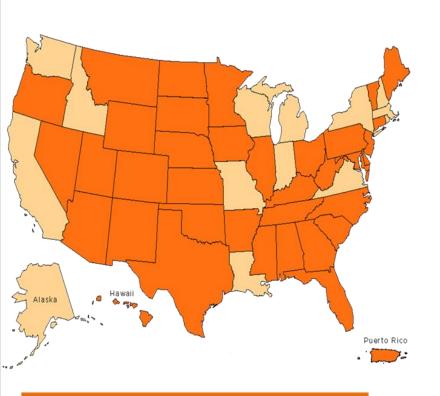
	Simplified care: No patient treatment co-pays for HCV	No patient co-pays for anti-HCV testing	Public budget line for HCV testing and treatment
Argentina	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Bangladesh	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted
Brazil	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Canada	Partially adopted	No data	Adopted
Columbia	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Egypt	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Ethiopia	Not adopted	Not adopted	Adopted
Georgia	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
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Indonesia	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Partially adopted

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Korea	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Mexico	Adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Myanmar	Partially adopted	Partially adopted	Adopted
Nigeria	Not adopted	Not adopted 0 points	Partially adopted
Pakistan	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Peru	No data	No data	Adopted
Philippines	Not adopted	Not adopted	Not adopted 0 points
Portugal	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted

Simplified care: No patient treatment co-pays for HCV		No patient co-pays for anti-HCV testing	Public budget line for HCV testing and treatment
Rwanda	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Senegal	Not adopted	Not adopted 0 points	Adopted
South Africa	Not adopted	Partially adopted	Partially adopted
Spain	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Switzerland	Adopted	Adopted	Partially adopted
Taiwan	Adopted	Adopted	Adopted
Thailand	Adopted	Adopted	Partially adopted
United States	Partially adopted	Adopted	Adopted



Restrictions to Treatment of HCV infection: United States



36 states require prior authorization

27 states

require documentation of genotype

15 states

require documentation of chronic infection

20 states

require labs to be collected within a certain timeframe

23 states

impose adherence requirements

9 states

impose barriers to replacing lost/stolen meds



THE TASK FORCE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH

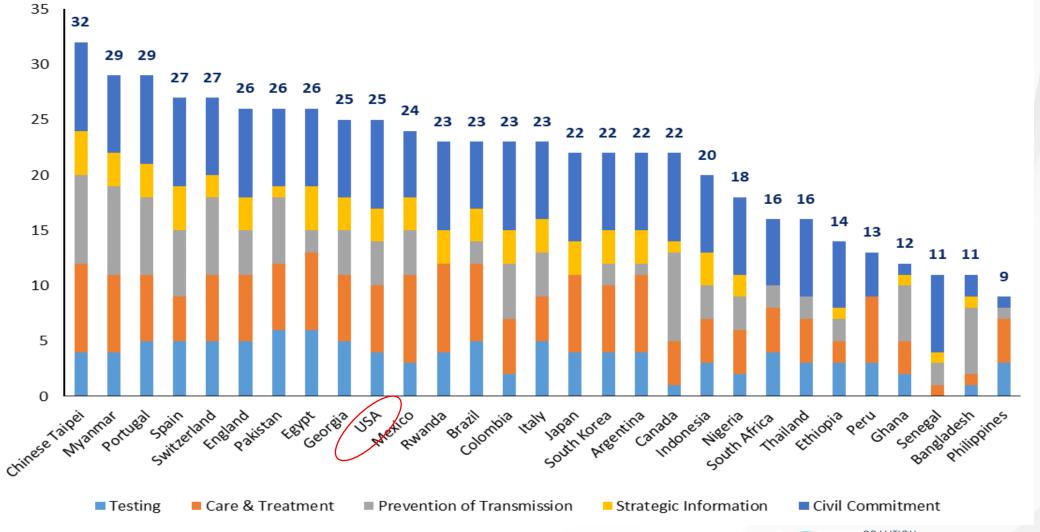
Center for Health Law and Policy Innovation, the National Viral Hepatitis Roundtable (NVHR) Hepatitis C: State of Medicaid Access www.stateofhepc.org

Composite Preparedness Score for HCV Elimination

National Commitment	Strategic Information	Prevention	Screening	Care & Treatment
 Action Plan Elimination goal Estimates of economic burden Public budget line for HCV testing and treatment 	 Routine official reports to monitor HCV: mortality, incidence and prevalence Monitoring of HCV diagnosis and treatment 	 National policy for: Harm reduction for persons who inject drugs (PWID) Number of sterile needles and syringes provided per PWID Decriminalization of possession of syringes & paraphernalia 	 Testing policy Licensed point- of-care PCR testing to detect HCV Simplified care: No patient co- pays for anti- HCV testing 	 National treatment guidelines Simplified care: No patient treatment co-pays Simplified care algorithm: Non-specialists can prescribe treatment National antidiscrimination laws against people living with hepatitis C



Global Composite Preparedness Index for HCV Elimination





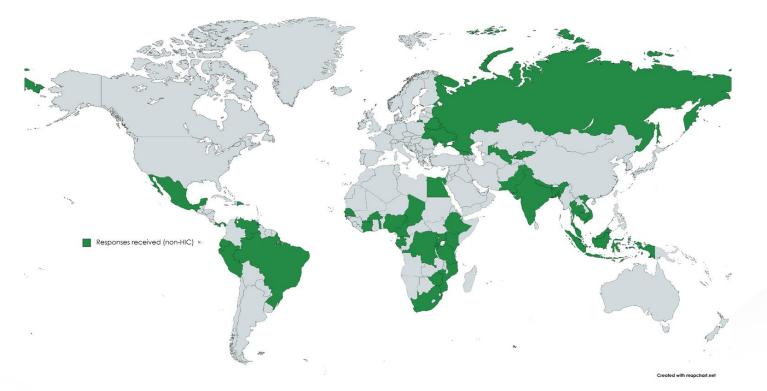
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Ward J, Hinman A, Gastroenterology, 2019



Provider Perspectives on Long-Acting DAA Formulations

Objective: To assess provider perceptions the acceptability and feasibility of long-acting DAA formulations in LMICs (eg, one-time injection)



Progress:

- 172 providers and policymakers from 42 LMICs completed the survey (all WHO regions represented)
- Overall high perceived acceptability and feasibility for long-acting DAAs
- Detailed results submitted to AASLD Liver Meeting
- Further analysis and manuscript development underway

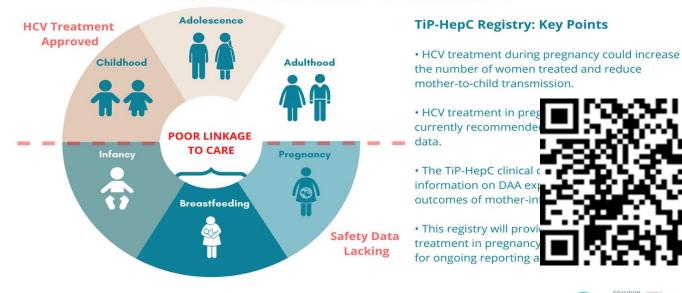




TiP-HepC Registry for DAA Exposures in Pregnancy



THE TIP-HEP C REGISTRY: REAL-WORLD DATA ON THE SAFETY OF HEP C TREATMENT IN PREGNANCY



- Community of practice- Three sessions
- Nov 2022-March 2023 www.globalhep.org
- 378 unique participants from 43 countries

Updates:

FOR GLOBAL HEPATITIS

- Registry portal launched and open for case submission
- Scientific advisory committee met in November 2022 for 1st data analysis
- > 30 cases received to date
- Policy document with interim registry analysis to be posted every 6 months
 - Partners: US CDC; Gilead Sciences; liver and OB-Gyn associations

Registry Portal: share case information https://redcap.emory.edu/surveys/?s=C99K9EEYHRLNY8AR





HERO Fellowships for Hepatitis Elimination

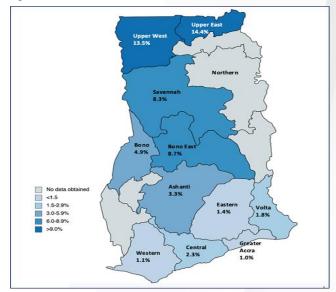
(Hepatitis Evaluation, Research, and Outreach)



- Assess national burden and testing capacity
 National anti-HCV prevalence: 4.42%
- Northern Ghana 8.3%-14.4%

Data started STOP-HCV program: test/treat HCV

Dr Yvonne Nartey Cape Coast Teaching Hospital, Ghana



Convene local coalitions



Community hepatitis screenings







STOP HEP-C in Ghana

- Foster collaboration with Egypt government
- Donations of DAAs (Sof/Dac)
- Aim to treat 50,000 HCV+ persons
- Methods:
 - Self-referral and clinician initiated testing
 - Plan to implement population-based screening
 - 19 case management teams in regional and teachir
- 286 patients enrolled since April 2023
- Partners: government, community, clinical, international























Local Hepatitis Elimination & Prevention (LHEAP)

Rawalpindi, Punjab – Pakistan *Project initiated on June 3, 2023*

Lead: HERO Fellow Dr Nida Ali

Partners

- Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination
- District Health Authority, Ministry of Primary & Secondary Healthcare Punjab
- Local small business owners (supporting with commodities)

Methodology

- microelimination in a defined cohort of 100,000 individuals of all age groups.
- Door to door RD screening, follwed by reflex VL testing. HepB Vaccination for those testing negative for HBV.
- Treatment initiation as soon as PCR results available
- For HCV: DAAs for 3 months
- For HBV: VL>20,000 → Tenofovir

Progress so Far:

Screened: 10166 all age groups

HBV+: 61 (0.6%); HCV+: 139 (1.37%) Vaccination for HepB first dose: 2679









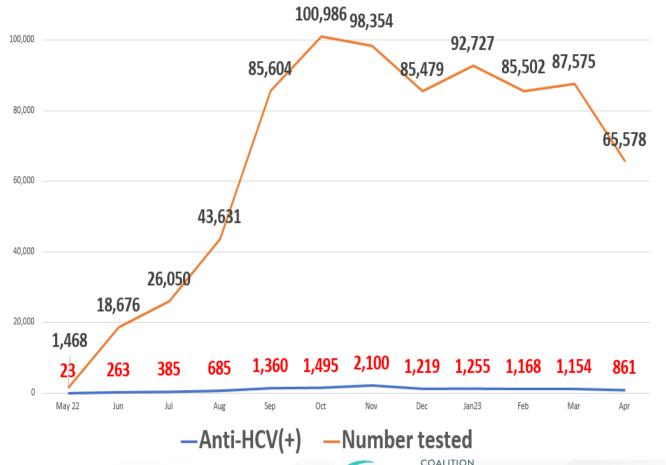
HCV Elimination Lithuania: Provider incentives



- 1.7% anti- HCV prevalence
- 58% RNA +
- Risks: Unscreened transfusions/IDU
- Intervention: Test and Refer model
 - PCP: <u>15.4 Euro/ per anti-HCV test</u>
 - Refer for RNA testing /treatment
 - Targets: Persons born 1945-1995;
 IDU, prisoners, HIV

Number of tested	791630	47 % of population
Number of HCV RNR (+)	6935	0,88
Number of treated	2581	37,2 (of HCV RNR poz.)

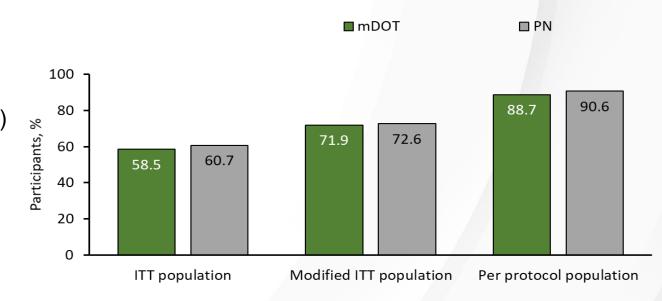
May 2022-Apr 2023





Patient-Centered Models of HCV Treatment for Persons Who Inject Drugs: The HERO Study

- Patient Centered Outcomes Research institute
- Eight collaborating centers
- PWID –injecting within 90 days
- Patient navigation (PN) Two week prescriptions(n=379)
- Modified directly observed therapy (mDOT) (n=376)
 - At least 5 doses observed/week
- 8 states
 - opioid treatment programs 41%
 - community health centers 59%
- Treatment
 - Initiation: 82.5%
 - Adherence 74.1%*
 - Completion 82.7%
 - SVR 92%
 - higher for DOT
- Applying for PCORI dissemination grant



- ITT all randomized
- mITT all randomized and initiated treatment
- Per protocol (PP): randomized; initiated treatment; complied with assigned care and had SVR outcomes



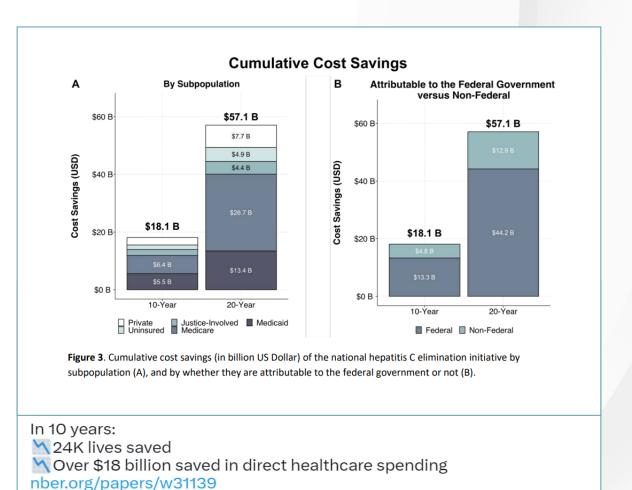


US HCV Economic Modeling Adopted by White House for Budget to Support National HCV Elimination Program



Projected Health Benefits and Health Care Savings from the United States National Hepatitis C Elimination Initiative

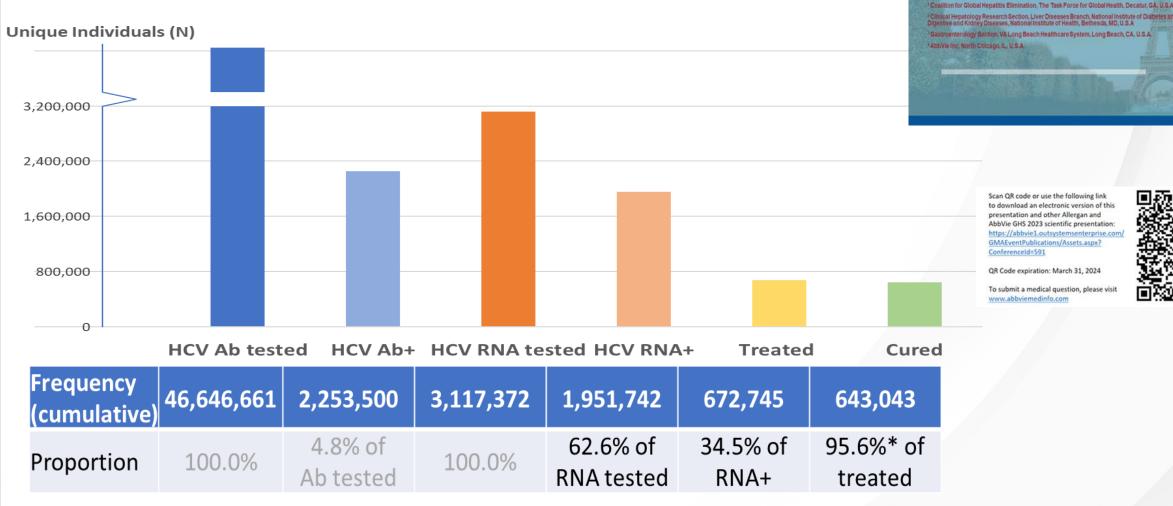
Jagpreet Chhatwal, Alec Aaron, Huaiyang Zhong, Neeraj Sood, Risha Irvin, Harvey J. Alter, Yueran Zhuo, Joshua M. Sharfstein & John W. Ward







Assessing HCV Testing and Treatment - United States 2014-2021



Scan QR code or use the following link to download an electronic version of this presentation and other Allergan and AbbVie GHS 2023 scientific presentation https://abbvie1.outsystemsenterprise.com GMAEventPublications/Assets.aspx?

Hepatitis C Care Cascade and Progress Toward Elimination in

John W. Ward¹, Marc G. Ghany¹, Timothy R. Morgan², Steven E. Marx¹, Jatinder Kaur¹, Nidhi Shukia¹, Shiyai Manthena¹, Shiyin Jiao¹

the United States, 2021

QR Code expiration: March 31, 2024

ConferenceId=591

To submit a medical question, please visit www.abbviemedinfo.com



Partners: AbbVie; US NIH, US Veterans Administration;

two large commercial laboratories



Joining the Global Campaign to Eliminate Hepatitis

Join:

https://www.globalhep.org/

https://twitter.com/GlobalHep

Contact us:

globalhep@taskforce.org

Tel: +1-404-371-0466



Hepatitis Awareness, Ibadan Oyo State, Nigeria

"Hepatitis B is a pandemic. Elimination is an achievable goal if we work together."

Nobel Laureate Professor Charles M. Rice





Champions Accelerating Progress Toward HCV Elimination



Dr. Brian Conway
Integrating
HCV care with
addiction
services for inner-city
populations.

Dr. Lesley Miller
Building a high volume HCV
program for an urban hospital
with a cure rate of 98%.





Dr. Alethse de la Torre RosasLeading primary healthcare approach based on universal HCV testing and treatment at no patient cost.



Dr. Carlos VaraldoAdvocating for affordable pricing of HCV medications for public health system.



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					9
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Senya, and Yvonne Nartey



UN Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis

QUARTERLY UPDATE, MARCH 2023

UN Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis





An invitation to all Member States

On Dec 20, 2022, Egypt's Permanent Representative, Ambassador Osama Abdelkhalek, invited all Member States to join the Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis.

The Ambassador wrote

The Group of Friends on Hepatitis Elimination is built on a foundation of building political will to promote access to hepatitis prevention, care, and treatment and seeks to provide a platform for exchanging information, best practices. models for innovation and lessons learned.

The effort to form a Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis began in September, 2022, in a side-event to the UNGA meeting in New York. This event brought together participants from more than 20 countries, including ministers of health, permanent representatives to UN missions, national hepatitis program coordinators, alongside international partners.

LINK TO THE GROUP OF FRIENDS WEBSITE:

https://www.globalhep.or g/un-group-friendseliminate-hepatitis

We're so pleased that in our role as Secretariat, the Coalition for Global Hepatitis Elimination is able to present our first Quarterly Report regarding the UN Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis since that call to action in September of 2022. Below you'll find news, links and upcoming events regarding the Group of Friends' formation, growth, and activities. If you have any questions regarding these items or other issues related to hepatitis elimination, please don't hesitate to reach out by emailing unhepgof@taskforce.org.

As of March, 2023, eight countries have expressed a willingness to join the Group of Friends in written communications. They are joined by 25 additional countries from all six WHO regions who have joined meetings and expressed verbal support:

- Egypt
- Malavsia
- Tanzania
- Brazil
- Portugal.
- Argentina
- Uganda
- Georgia
- Diibouti Ghana
- Uruguay

- Ukraine
- Algeria
- El Salvador
- Nicaragua Malawi
- Bangladesh
- Nepal
- Turkmenistan
 The Phillipines
- Tajikistan
- Thailand
- Rwanda
- Morocco

- Sudan.
- Democratic Republic of the Congo
- Bahrain Albania
- Haiti
- Japan
- Senegal
- Sri Lanka







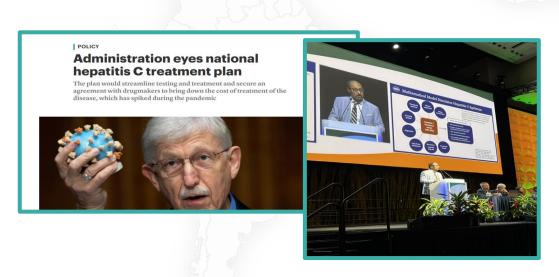


Building Global Solidarity to Eliminate Hepatitis A United Nations Group of Friends

Mobilizing Commitment for Hepatitis C Elimination



World Economic Forum 2022



will we will start in the start

UNITE Parliamentarian's Conference 2022- World Hepatitis Alliance, CHAI, HepB Foundation, EGPAF, CGHE



UN Group of Friends to Eliminate Hepatitis



AASLD- US National Plan for HCV elimination